50 Financial System Indicators

Updated: June 30th, 2026

Highlights		
Indicator	Last value available	Corresponding to:
1-year Euribor interest rate	2.801	June 30, 2026
Bank lending to other resident sectors (monthly average % var.)	-0.43	April 2026
Other resident sectors' deposits in credit institutions (monthly average % var.)	-0.6	April 2026
Doubtful loans (monthly % var.)	0.9	April 2026
Recourse to the Eurosystem L/T (Eurozone financial institutions. million euros)	12,775	May 2026
Recourse to the Eurosystem L/T (Spanish financial institutions. million euros)	31	May 2026
Ratio of operating expenses to ordinary income	37.3	Q1 2026
Ratio of customer deposits to employees (thousands of euros)	14,449.90	Q1 2026
Ratio of customer deposits to branches (thousands of euros)	140,633.98	Q1 2026
Ratio of "Branches/institutions" ratio	93.0	Q1 2026

A. Money and Interest Rates

Indicator	Based on data from	Average 2019-2023	2024	2025	2026 May	2026 June	Definition and calculation
1. Money supply (% change)	ECB	5.8	3.4	3.3	3.2	-	Change in M3 aggregate (seasonally adjusted)
2. 3-month interbank interest rate	BE	0.5	3.572	2.177	2.224	2.340	Since September 1, 2023, this indicator is shown as a monthly average (or annual average for full years)
3. 1-year Euribor interest rate (since 1994)	BE	0.8	3.274	2.202	2.804	2.801	Since September 1, 2023, this indicator is shown as a monthly average (or annual average for full years)
4. Short-term interest rate (one day) for the euro area (€STR)	BE	0.5	3.645	2.2	1.931	2.038	Very short-term (one-day) reference interest rate for the euro area. This indicator is shown as a monthly average (or annual average for full years).
5. Interest rate on 10-year government bonds (since 1998)	BE	1.4	3.0	3.2	3.5	3.4	Market interest rates (not exclusively between account holders)
6. US dollar (USD)/euro (EUR) exchange rate	BE	1.116	1.082	1.130	1.167	1.152	Official exchange rates US dollar (USD) / Euro (EUR)

Commentary "Money and interest rates": After seven consecutive pauses, at its last meeting on June 11, the European Central Bank decided to raise interest rates by 25 basis points to combat rising inflation figures in the eurozone. This decision has been passed through to interest rates in the interbank markets. In June, the monthly average of the 12-month Euribor (the main reference for mortgages) decreased slightly, moving to 2.801% from an average of 2.804% in May. The 3-month benchmark increased slightly from 2.224% in May to 2.340% in June. The yield on 10-year government bonds decreased slightly to 3.4% from 3.5% the previous month (provisional data as of June 30, 2026). Meanwhile, in June, the average dollar/euro exchange rate depreciated slightly, moving to 1.152 from 1.167 in May.

B. Financial Markets

Indicator	Based on data from:	Average 2019-2023	2024	2025	2026 April	2026 May	Definition and calculation
7. Trading ratio in spot, forward, and repo transactions with Treasury bills	Spanish Treasury	13.23	4.96	6.59	9.17	-	(Average daily amount traded/outstanding balance) x100 for the market as a whole (not exclusively between account holders)
8. Trading ratio in spot, forward, and repo transactions with government bonds and debentures	Spanish Treasury	6.74	5.74	6.51	7.08	-	(Average daily amount traded/outstanding balance) x100 for the market as a whole (not exclusively between account holders)
9. Interest rate on Treasury bills with maturity up to 3 months	BE	0.36	3.16	2.08	2.12	2.16	In simple transactions and for the market as a whole (not exclusively between account holders)
10. Interest rate on 10-year government bonds	BE	1.4	3.1	3.2	3.44	3.39	Weighted average rates of 10-year government bond auctions
11. Madrid Stock Exchange capitalization (average monthly variation %)	BE and Madrid Stock Exchange	0.41	1.1	2.91	3.88	2.83	Rate of change for all resident companies
12. Stock market trading volume (average monthly variation %)	BE and Madrid Stock Exchange	2.31	-0.2	5.09	-21.69	-3.88	Rate of change in total trading by the Association of Stock Exchanges and Governing Bodies of Stock Exchanges
13. Madrid Stock Exchange general index (Dec 1985=100)	BE and Madrid Stock Exchange	843.10	1,137.34	1,416.68	1,872.50b	1,926.10a	Based on 1985=100
14. Ibex-35 (Dec 1989=3000)	BE and Madrid Stock Exchange	8,528.62	11,595.0	14,566.94	19,032.00b	19,471.90a	Based on Dec 1989=3000
15. Nasdaq	NASDAQ	11,595.99	19,310.79	20,501.59	26,683.94b	26,213.72a	NASDAQ composite index
16. PER ratio (price/earnings ratio) Madrid Stock Exchange	BE and Madrid Stock Exchange	17.98	14.4	19.03	16.38b	16.68a	Price/earnings ratio on the IBEX-35. Median value
17. CBOE Volatility Index (VIX)	VIX	21.36	17.35	18.93	16.20b	16.45a	Implied volatility of the S&P 500® (SPX) for the next 30 days

B. Financial Markets (continued)

Indicator	Based on data from:	Average 2019-2023	2024	2025	2026 April	2026 May	Definition and calculation
18. Bitcoin price (₿) in dollars ($)	Coinmarket. cap	41,512.91	93,429.20	101,624.49	66,125.10b	58,603.16a	Bitcoin price in dollars ($)
19. Short-term private debt. Outstanding balance (% change)	BE	-0.56	2.8	1.11	-47.33	0.18	Change in the outstanding balance of short-term debt of non-financial corporations
20. Long-term private debt. Outstanding balance (% change)	BE	-0.13	-0.1	0.04	-1.69	1.76	Change in the outstanding balance of long-term debt of non-financial corporations
21. Transactions carried out with IBEX-35 financial futures (% change)	BE	-1.49	-3.5	-1.82	-27.11	-15.79	Transactions carried out on IBEX-35 shares
22. Transactions carried out with financial options on IBEX-35 shares (% change)	BE	22.3	4.2	72.08	50	-50	Transactions carried out on IBEX-35 shares

(a) Latest data as of June 30, 2026 (b) June 30, 2026.

Commentary "Financial markets": In June, despite geopolitical instability due to the Middle East conflict, which continues to affect Spanish stock market indices and drive relative volatility, indices rose slightly compared to their closing values at the end of May. The IBEX-35 stands at 19,471.90 points at the end of June. The Madrid Stock Exchange General Index stands at 1,926.10 points. Meanwhile, in April (latest data available), the trading ratio in spot, forward, and repo transactions with Treasury bills stood at 9.17%. The trading ratio with government bonds and debentures stood at 7.08%. In May (latest data available), transactions with IBEX-35 stock futures decreased by 15.79%, and financial options on this same index decreased by 50% compared to the previous month.

C. Savings and financial indebtedness

Indicator	Based on data from:	Average 2019-2023	2024	2025	2025 (Q3)	2025 (Q4)	Definition and calculation
23. Net financial savings/GDP (National Economy)	BE	2.0	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.2	Difference between financial asset and financial liability flows in relation to GDP according to Financial Accounts
24. Net financial savings/GDP (Households and non-profit institutions)	BE	3.6	4.5	3.8	4.4	3.6	Difference between financial asset and financial liability flows in relation to GDP according to Financial Accounts
25. Debt in securities other than shares and loans/GDP (National Economy)	BE	300.05	249.7	248.2	249.2	244.8	Including the debt of public administrations, non-financial corporations, households, and non-profit institutions serving households in relation to GDP
26. Debt in securities other than shares and loans/GDP (Households and non-profit institutions)	BE	55.8	43.7	43.3	43.0	42.8	Including households and non-profit institutions serving households in relation to GDP
27. Financial assets on the balance sheet of households and non-profit institutions (average quarterly % change)	BE	1.1	2.1	2.5	1.9	3.5	Percentage change in total assets on the financial balance sheet of the Financial Accounts
28. Financial liabilities on the balance sheet of households and non-profit institutions (% average quarterly change)	BE	-0.1	1.2	1.0	-1.1	1.7	Percentage change in total liabilities on the financial balance sheet of the Financial Accounts

Commentary "Savings and debt": In the fourth quarter of 2025, financial savings in the economy as a whole stood at 4.2% of GDP. In the household sector, the financial savings rate stood at 3.6% of GDP. It can also be seen that the financial debt of domestic economies stands at 42.8% of GDP.

D. Deposit institutions. Business performance

Indicator	Based on data from:	Average 2019-2023	2024	2025	2026 March	2026 April	Definition and calculation
29. Bank credit to other resident sectors (% average monthly change)	BE	-0.03	0.03	0.31	0.72	-0.43	Percentage change in credit to the private sector from the sum of banks, savings banks, and credit unions
30. Deposits from other resident sectors in deposit-taking institutions (% average monthly change)	BE	0.29	0.43	0.38	0.7	-0.6	Percentage change in private sector deposits from banks, savings banks, and credit unions combined
31. Securities other than shares and equity (% average monthly change)	BE	0.26	0.85	1.21	4.6	0.9	Percentage change in securities other than shares and holdings in the assets of banks, savings banks and credit cooperatives combined
32. Shares and participations (average monthly % change)	BE	0.06	0.17	0.32	-2.8	0.3	Percentage change in shares and holdings in the assets of banks, savings banks, and credit unions combined
33. Credit institutions. Net position (difference between assets and liabilities of deposit institutions) (% of total assets)	BE	0.99	7.21	6.21	3.8	3.7	Difference between the item "Credit System" in assets and liabilities as an approximation of the net position at the end of the month in the interbank market
34. Doubtful loans (% average monthly change)	BE	-0.82	-0.57	-1.36	-1.1	0.9	Percentage change in the item for doubtful loans in the assets of banks, savings banks and credit cooperatives
35. Repurchase agreements (% average monthly change)	BE	-0.03	3.13	0.60	-10.6	2.0	Percentage change in repurchase agreements in liabilities of the sum of banks, savings banks, and credit unions
36. Net equity (average monthly change %)	BE	0.08	0.53	0.22	-2.7	0.4	Percentage change in net equity of the sum of banks, savings banks, and credit unions

Commentary "Deposit institutions. Business performance": In April, the latest data available, there was a 0.43% decrease in lending to the private sector. Deposits decreased by 0.6%. Fixed-income securities increased their weight in the balance sheet by 0.9%, and shares and participations increased by 0.3%. Likewise, in April (latest data available), there was a 0.9% increase in the volume of non-performing loans compared to the previous month.

E. Deposit institutions. Market structure and financing of the Eurosystem

Indicator	Based on data from:	Average 2019-2023	2024	2025	2025 December	2026 March	Definition and calculation
37. Number of Spanish deposit institutions	BE	112	108	106	105	105	Total number of banks, savings banks, and credit unions operating in Spain
38. Number of foreign deposit institutions operating in Spain	BE	80	76	78	79	79	Total number of foreign deposit institutions operating in Spain
39. Number of employees	BE	167,216	163,496	165,842	165,842	165,842a	Total number of employees in the banking sector
40. Number of branches	BE	20,083	17,379	17,202	17,109	17,040	Total number of branches in the banking sector
41. Long-term Eurosystem appeal (total Eurozone financial institutions) (millions of euros)	BE	14,004	30,806	13,534	11,650	12,775b	Open market operations and standing facilities of the European Central Bank. Eurozone total
42. Appeals to the Eurosystem (total Spanish financial institutions): main financing operations (millions of euros)	BE	199	6	61	0	31b	Open market operations: main long-term operations. Total Spain

(a): December 2025.

(b): Latest data as of May 31, 2026.

Commentary "Deposit institutions. Market structure and Eurosystem financing": In May 2026, Spanish financial institutions' net recourse to the Eurosystem's long-term programs stood at €12,775 million. MEMO-ITEM: Since January 2015, the European Central Bank has also been reporting on the amount of the various asset purchase programs. In May 2026, their value in Spain was €469,778 million and €3.5 trillion in the Eurozone as a whole.

F. Deposit institutions. Efficiency and productivity, risk and profitability

Indicator	Based on data from:	Average 2019-2023	2024	2025	2025 (Q4)	2026 (Q1)	Definition and calculation
43. Ratio of operating expenses to ordinary income	BE	46.40	38.79	41.57	40.7	37.3	Operating efficiency indicator. The numerator and denominator of this ratio are obtained directly from the income statements of deposit institutions
44. Ratio of customer deposits to employees (thousands of euros)	BE	12,076.76	12,851.64	13,632.16	14,117.31	14,449.90	Productivity indicator: business acquisition capacity per employee
45. Ratio of customer deposits to branches (thousands of euros)	BE	102,300.29	120,904.04	132,140.13	136,842.83	140,633.98	Productivity indicator: business acquisition capacity per branch

F. Deposit institutions. Efficiency and productivity, risk and profitability (continued)

Indicator	Based on data from:	Average 2019-2023	2024	2025	2025 (Q4)	2026 (Q1)	Definition and calculation
46. Ratio of branches to institutions	BE	105.02	94.4	92.98	93.0	93.0	Network expansion indicator
47. Employees/ branches	BE	8.4	9.4	9.5	9.6	9.7	Branch size indicator
48. Equity (% average monthly change)	BE	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.57	Indicator of change in deposit institutions' equity
49. ROA	BE	0.6	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	Profitability indicator, defined as the ratio of "Profit before tax/ average total assets"
50. ROE	BE	7.0	15.9	15.5	15.5	16.7	Profitability indicator, defined as the ratio "Profit before tax/ equity"

Commentary "Deposit institutions. Efficiency and productivity, risk and profitability": In the first quarter of 2026, the ROA of the Spanish banking sector remained stable compared to the previous quarter (1.3%). ROE reached 16.7%.